

To the President of the  
United States

War Department 30  
27. April 1830

Sir

The Choctaw treaty which is offered for consideration, proposes a repeal of former annuities, and to substitute new and enlarged ones. Those which now exist and are chargeable upon the United States, amount to \$24,300, as will appear by the enclosed statement from the office of Indian Affairs. This Schedule will show the amount - the duration, and under treaties of what date, those annuities have been stipulated for.

The amended proposals offered by you, and which are intended to be submitted to the Senate, for their consideration, proposes, in reference to the permanent annuity of \$6,000, to retain it for the present, but to determine it in 10 years. (Art. 21)

The reason for retaining this \$6,000, of permanent annuity, for the time specified, to wit: 10 years, is, that a school in Kentucky, which is responsible to the War Department, was in the year 1826, established under the Superintendence



and direction of the Rev<sup>d</sup> Thomas Henderson, and  
a board of Trustees. Considerable expense has been  
incurred, and now to arrest the operations of the  
School, would involve injury to this individual  
enterprise which was undertaken for the benefit  
of the Indians, and at their request. Besides, it  
is believed, that greater advantages will result to  
the Indians, by having the education of their  
Children attended to, in the States, than by placing  
the funds exclusively to be applied within the  
limits of their own Country. More enlarged means  
for securing and advance in mind, morals, and  
manners, will be afforded by the one mode, than  
by the other.

Very Respectfully.

J. A. Eaton



Gen  
Secretary of War  
to the

President of the States

Eaton