## The Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, September 27-28, 1830

A treaty of perpetual friendship, cession and limits entered into by John H Eaton and John Coffee for and in behalf of the Government of the United States and the Mingoes Chiefs Captains and Warriors of the Choctaw Nation begun and held at Dancing Rabbit Creek on the 15th of September in the year 1830 .

Whereas the General Assembly of the State of Mississippi has extended the laws of said State to persons and property within the chartered limits of the same and the President of the United States has said that he cannot protect the Choctaw people, from the operation of these laws; Now therefore that the Choctaw may live under their own laws in peace with the United States and the State of Mississippi they have determined to sell thier lands east of the Mississippi \& have accordingly agreed to the following articles of treaty

Article 1st.
Perpetual peace and friendship is pledged and agreed upon by and between the United States and the Mingoes, Chiefs, \& Warriors of the Choctaw Nation of Red People; and that this may be considered the enly treaty existing between the parties all other treaties heretofore existing $\&$ inconsistent with the provisions of this is are hereby declared null and void.

Article 2nd.
The United States under a grant specially to be made by the President of the U.S. shall cause to be conveyed to the Choctaw Nation a tract of Country west of the Mississippi River in fee simple to them $\&$ their decendants, to inure to them while they shall exist as a nation $\&$ live on it, beginning near Fort Smith where the Arkansas boundary crosses the Arkansas River, Running thence West the scource of the Canadian fork; thence if in the limits of the United States, or to those limits; thence due South to Red River, and down Red River to the West boundary of the Territory of Arkansas; thence North along that line to the beginning. The boundary of the same to be agreably to the treaty made and concluded at Washington City in the year 1825 [.] The grant to be executed so soon as the present Treaty shall be ratified-

Article 3rd.
In consideration of the provisions contained in the several articles of this Treaty, the Choctaw Nation of Indians consent and hereby cede to the United States, the entire Country they own and possess, East of the Mississippi River; and they agree to remove beyond the Mississippi River, early as practicable, and will so arrange thier removal, that as many as possible of thier people not exceeding one half of the whole number, shall depart during the falls of 1831 and 1832; the residue to follow during the succeeding fall of 1833; a better opportunity in this manner will be afforded the Government, to extend to them the facilities and comforts which it is desireable should be extended in conveying them to thier new Homes.

Article 4th.
The Government and people of the United States are hereby obliged to secure to the said choctaw Nation of Red People the Jurisdiction and Government, of all the Persons \& Property that may be within thier limits West, so that no territory or State shall ever have a right to pass laws for the Government of the Choctaw Nation of Red People \& thier Descendants; and that no part of the land granted them shall ever be embraced in any territory or State; but the U.S. shall forever secure said Choctaw Nation from, \& against, all laws except such as from time to time may be enacted in thier own National Councils, not inconsistent with the Constitution, Treaties, and laws of the United States; \& except such as may, \& which have been enacted by Congress, to the extent that Congress under the constitution are required to exercise a legislation over Indian affairs. But the Choctaws, should this treaty be ratified, express a wish that Congress may grant to the Choctaws the right of punishing, by their own laws, any white man who shall come into thier Nation, \& infringe any of thier National regulations

Article 5th.
The United States are obliged to protect the Choctaws from domestic strife $\&$ from foreighn enemies on the same principles that the Citizens of the United States are protected, so that whatever would be a legal demand upon the US, for defence or for wrongs committed by an Enemy, on a Citizen of the U.S, shall be equally binding on the Ch in favour of the Choctaws, \& in all cases where the Choctaws shall be called upon by a legally authorized Officer of the U.S. to fight an Enemy, such Choctaw shall receive the pay $\&$ other emoluments, which Citizens of the U.S. receive in such cases, provided, no war shall be undertaken or prosecuted by said Choctaw Nation but by a
declaration, made in full council, \& to be approved by the U.S. unless it be in self defence against an open rebellion or against an enemy marching into thier country, in which cases they shall defend, until the U.S. are advised thereof.

Article 6th.
Should a choctaw or any party of choctaws commit acts of violence upon the person or property of a Citizen of the U.S, or join any war party against any neighbouring tribe of Indians, without the authority in the preceding article; \& except to oppose an actual or threatened invasion or rebellion, such person so offending shall be delivered up to an Officer of the U.S. if in the power of the Choctaw Nation, that such Offender may be punished as may be provided in such cases, by the laws of the U.S.; but if such Offender is not within the control of the Choctaw Nation, then said Choctaw Nation shall not be held responsible for the injury done by said Offender.

Article 7th.
All acts of violence committed upon persons and property of the Che people of the Choctaw Nation either by Citizens of the U.S. or neighbouring tribes of Red people, shall be reffered to some authorized agent by him to be reffered to the U.S. President of the U.S, who shall examine into such cases and see that every possible degree of justice is done to said Indian party of the Choctaw Nation.

Article 8th.
Offenders against the laws of the U.S. or any individual State shall be apprehended \& delivered to any duly authorized person where such Offender may be found in the Choctaw country, having fled from any part of U.S. but in all such cases application must be made to the Agent or Chiefs \& the expense of his apprehension and delivery provided for $\&$ paid by the $U$ States

Article 9th.
Any Citizen of the U.S. who may be ordered from the Nation by the Agent \& constituted authorities of the Nation and refusing to obey or return into the Nation without the consent of the aforesaid persons, shall be subject to such pains and penalties as may be provided by the laws of the U.S. in such cases. Citizens of the U.S. travelling peaceably under the authority of
the laws of the U.S. shall be under the care \& protection of the Nation
Article 10th.
No person shall expose goods or other article for sale as a trader, without a written permit from the constituted authorities of the Nation, or authority of the laws of the Congress of the U.S. under penalty of forfeiting the Articles, \& the constituted authorities of the Nation shall grant no license except to such persons as reside in the Nation and are answerable to the laws of the Nation. The U.S. shall be particularly obliged to assist in exeluding to preventing ardent spirits from being introduced into the Nation

Article 11th.
Navigable streams shall be free to the Choctaws who shall pay no higher toll or duty than Citizens of the U.S. It is agreed further that the U.S. shall establish one or more Post Offices in said Nation, \& may establish such military post roads, and posts, as they may consider necessary

## Article 12th

All intruders shall be removed from the Choctaw Nation and kept without it. Private property to be always respected \& on no occasion taken for public purposes without just compensation being made therefor to the rightfull owner[.] If an Indian unlawfully take or steal any property from a white man a citizen of the U.S. the offender shall be punished the property or its value paid for or charged on the Annuity of the Nation. And if a white man unlawfully take or steal any thing from an Indian, the property shall be restored \& the offender punished. If the same cannot be restored the U.S. will make just remuneration for the same. It is further agreed that when a choctaw shall be given up to be tried for any offence against the laws of the U.S. if unable to employ Counsel to defend him, the U.S. will do it, that his trial may be fair and impartial

## Article 13th.

It is consented that a qualified Agent shall be appointed for the Choctaws every Four Years, unless sooner removed by the President; and he shall be removed on petition of the constituted authorities of the Nation the President, being satisfied there is sufficient cause shown. The Agent shall fix his residence convenient to the great body of the people; $\&$ in the selection of an Agent immediately after the ratification of this Treaty, the wishes of the Choctaw Nation on the subject shall be entitled to great respect.

Article 14th.
Each Choctaw head of a family being desirous to remain \& become a Citizen of the States, shall be permitted to do so, by signifying his intention to the Agent within Six Months from the ratification of this Treaty \& Hhe or she shall thereupon be entitled to a reservation of one Section of Six Hundred and forty Acres of Land, to be bounded by Sectional lines of survey; in like manner he shall be entitled to one half that quantity for each unmarried child which is living with him over Ten Years of Age; \& a quarter section to such child as may be under 10 years of age, to adjoin the location of the Parent. If they reside upon said lands intending to become Citizens of the States for five Years after the ratification of this Treaty in that case a grant in fee simple shall issue; said reservation shall include the present improvement, of the head of the family, or a portion of it. Persons who claim under this Article shall not loose the priviledge of a Choctaw Citizen, but if they ever remove are not to be entitled to any portion of the Choctaw Annuity; ner shall any persen whe receives a reservation of a section or more

## Article 15th

To each of the chiefs in the Choctaw Nation (to wit) Greenwood Laflore, Nutackachie, and Mushulatubbe there is granted a reservation of four sections of land, two of which shall include and adjoin thier present improvement, \& the other two located where they please but on unoccupied unimproved lands, such sections shall be bounded by sectional lines, $\&$ with the consent of the President they may sell the same. Also to the three principal Chiefs \& to thier successors in office there shall be paid Two Hundred and fifty Dollars Annually while they shall continue in thier respective offices, except to Mushulatubbe who as he has an annuity of One Hundred \& fifty Dollars for life under a former treaty, shall receive only the additional sum of One Hundred Dollars, while he shall continue in office as Chief; $\&$ if in addition to this the Nation shall think propper to elect an additional principal Chief of the whole to superintend and govern upon republican principles he shall receive annually for his services Five Hundred Dollars, which allowance to the chiefs and thier successors in office, shall continue for Twenty Years, as At any time when in Military service, \& while in service by authority of the U.S. the district Chiefs under and by selection of the President shall be entitled to the pay of Majors; the other Chief under the same circumstances shall have the pay of a Lieutenant-Colonel. The speakers of the three districts, shall receive Twenty five Dollars a Year each for four Years each; \& the three Secretaries one to each of the Chiefs, fifty

Dollars each for four years. Each Captain of the Nation, the number not to exceed ninety nine, thirty three from each District shall be furnished upon removing to the West, with each a good suit of clothes \& a broad sword as an outfit, $\&$ for four Years commencing with the first of thier removal, shall each receive Fifty Dollars a year, for four years the trouble of Keeping thier people in at order in settling; \& whenever they shall be in military service by authority of the U.S. shall receive the pay of a captain

Article 16th.
In waggons; $\&$ with Steam Boats as may be found necessary the U.S. agree to remove the Indians to thier new Homes at thier expense and under the care of discreet and carefull persons, who will be kind $\&$ brotherly to them. They agree to furnish them with ample corn and beef, or pork for themselves $\&$ families for Twelve months after reaching thier new homes.

It is agreed further that the U.S. will take all thier cattle, at the valuation of some discreet person to be appointed by the President, \& the same shall be paid for in money after thier arrival at thier new homes; or im other cattle such as may be desired shall be furnished them, notice being given through thier Agent of thier wishes upon this subject before thier removal that time to supply the demand may be afforded.

## Article 17th.

The several Annuities and sums secured under former Treaties to the Choctaw Nation and People shall continue as tho. this Treaty had never been made. And it is further agreed that the U.S. in addition will pay the sum of Twenty thousand Dollars for Twenty Years, commencing after thier removal to the West, of which, in the first year after thier removal, Ten thousand Dollars shall be divided and arranged to such as may not receive reservations under this Treaty.

Article 18th
The U.S. shall cause the lands hereby ceded to be surveyed; \& surveyors may enter the Choctaw Country for that purpose, conducting themselves properly $\&$ disturbing or interrupting none of the Choctaw People. But no person is to be permitted to settle within the Nation, or the lands to be sold before the Choctaws shall remove. And for the payment of the several amounts secured in this Treaty, the lands hereby ceded are to remain a fund pledged to that purpose, until the debts shall be provided for and arranged. And further it is agreed, that in the construction of this

Treaty whenever well founded doubt shall arrise, it shall be construed most favourably towards the Choctaws.

Article 19th
The following reservations of land are hereby admitted. To Col. David Fulsom Four Sections of which Two shall include his present improvement, \& two may be located elsewhere, on unoccupied, unimproved land.

To J. Garland, Col. Robert Cole, Tuppanahomer, John Pytchlynn, Charles Juzan, Johokebetubbe, Eaychahobia, Ofehoma two sections each, to include thier improvements, the and to be bounded by sectional lines, \& the same may be disposed of and sold with the consent of the President. And that others not provided for, may be provided for, there shall be reserved as follows.

First; One section to each head of a family not exceeding Forty in number, who during the present year, may have had in actual cultivation, with a dwelling House thereon Fifty Acres or more. Secondly three quarter sections after the manner aforesaid to each head of a family not exceeding Four Hundred and Sixty, as shall have cultivated Thirty Acres and less than Fifty, to be bounded by quarter section lines of survey, $\&$ to be contiguous $\&$ adjoining.

Third; One half section as aforesaid to those who shall have cultivated from Twenty to Thirty Acres the number not to exceed Four Hundred. Fourth; a quarter section as aforesaid to such as shall have cultivated from twelve to twenty Acres, the number not to exceed three hundred and fifty, and one half that quantity to such as shall have cultivated from two to twelve acres, the number also not to exceed three hundred and fifty persons. Each of said class of cases shall be subject to the limitations contained in the first class, $\&$ shall be so located as to include that part of the improvement which contains the dwelling House. If a greater number shall be found to be entitled to reservations under the several classes of this article, than is stipulated for under the limitation prescribed, then $\&$ in that case the Chiefs separately and or together shall determine the persons who shall be excluded in the respective districts.

Fifth; Any Captain the number not to exceed Ninety persons, who under the provisions of this article shall receive less than a section, he shall be entitled, to An additional quantity of half a section adjoining to his other reservation. The several reservations secured under this Article, may be sold with the consent of the President of the U.S., but should any prefer it, or
omit to take a reservation for the quantity he may be entitled to the U.S. will on his removing pay fifty cents an acre, after reaching thier new homes, provided that before the first of January next They shall adduce to the Agent, or some other authorized person to be appointed, proof of his claim $\&$ the quantity of it. Sixth; likewise children of Ghoctaw Parents the Choctaw Nation residing in the Nation, who have neither Father nor Mother a list of which, with satisfactory proof of Parentage and Orphanage being filed with Agent in six months to be forwarded to the War Department, shall be entitled to a full quarter section of Land, to be located under the direction of the President, \& with his consent the same may be sold and the proceeds applied to some beneficial purpose for the benefit of said Orphans.

Article 20th.
The U.S. agree \& stipulate as follows, that for the benefit and advantage of the Choctaw people, $\&$ to improve thier condition, thier shall be educated under the direction of the President $\&$ at the expense of the U.S. forty Choctaw Youths for Twenty years. This number shall be kept at school, \& as they finish thier education others, to supply thier places shall be received for the period stated. The U.S. agree also to erect a Council House for the Nation at some convenient central point, after thier people shall be settled; \& a House for each Chief, also a church for each of the three Districts, to be used also as school Houses, until the Nation may conclude to build others; \& for these purposes Ten thousand Dollars shall be appropriated; Also Fifty thousand Dollars. (Viz) Twenty Five Hundred Dollars Annually shall be given for the support of three Teachers of schools for Twenty Years. Likewise there shall be furnished to the Nation, three Blacksmiths one for each District for Sixteen Years, \& a qualified mill wright for five years. Also there shall be furnished the following articles, Twenty One Hundred Blankets. Twelve Hundred Rifles To each warrior who emigrates a rifle, moulds, wipers and ammunition. One thousand axes, Ploughs, Hoes, Wheels and Cards each; and four Hundred looms. There shall also be furnished one Ton of Iron $\&$ two hundred weight of steel annually to each District for Sixteen years.

Article 21st.
A few Choctaw Warriors yet survive who marched and fought in the Army with Genereal Wayne the Whole number stated not to exceed Twenty.

These it is agreed shall hereafter while they live receive Twenty Five dollars a year; a list of them to be early as practicable, $\&$ within six months
made out, and presented to the Agent to be forwarded to the War Department-

Article 22d.
The Chiefs of the Choctaws have suggested that thier people are in a state of rapid advancement in education and refinement, and have expressed a solicitude that they might have the priveledge of a Delegate on the floor of the House of Representatives extended to them. The commissioners do not feel, that they can under a treaty stipulation accede to the request, but at thier desire, present it in the Treaty, that Congress may consider of and decide the application.

Done and signed and executed by the Commissioners of the United States and the Chiefs Captains and Head Men of the Choctaw Nation at Dancing Rabbit Creek this 27th day of September Eighteen Hundred and Thirty.

|  |  | His. Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jno H Eaton | (seal) |  |
| Jno. Coffee | (seal) |  |
| Greenwood Leflore | (seal) |  |
| Musholatubbee | (seal) | X |
| Nittucachee | (seal) | X |
| Eyarhocuttubbee | (seal) | X |
| Iyacherhopia | (seal) | X |
| Offahoomah | (seal) | X |
| Archalater | (seal) | X |
| Onnahubbee | (seal) | X |
| Holarterhoomah | (seal) | X |
| Hopiaunchahubbee | (seal) | X |
| Tishomingo | (seal) | X |
| Captainthalke | (seal) | X |
| James Shield | (seal) | X |
| Pistiyubbee | (seal) | X |
| Yobalarunehahubbee | (seal) | X |
| Holubbee | (seal) | X |
| Robert Cole | (seal) | X |
| Mokelareharhopin | (seal) | X |
| Lewis Perry | (seal) | X |
| Artonamarstubbee | (seal) | X |
| Hopeatubbee | (seal) | X |


| Hoshahoomah | (seal) | X |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chuallahoomah | (seal) | X |
| Joseph Kincaide | (seal) | X |
| Artooklubbeetushpar | (seal) | X |
| Metubbee | (seal) | X |
| Arsarkatubbee | (seal) | X |
| Issaterhoomah |  | X |
| Chohtahmatahah | (seal) | X |
| Tunnuppashubbee | (seal) | X |
| Okecharyer | (seal) | X |
| Hoshhopia | (seal) | X |
| Warsharshahopia | (seal) | X |
| Maarshunchahubbee | (seal) | (seal) |
| Misharyubbee | (seal) | X |
| Daniel Mccurtain | (seal) | X |
| Tushkerharcho | (seal) | X |
| Hoktoontubbee | (seal) | X |
| Nuknaarehookmarhee | (seal) | X |
| Mingo hoomah | (seal) | X |
| Pisinhocuttubbee | (seal) | X |
| Tullarhacher | (seal) | X |
| Little leader | (seal) | X |
| Maanhutter | (seal) | X |
| Cowehoomah | (seal) | X |
| Tillamoer | (seal) | X |
| Imnullacha | (seal) | X |
| Artopilachubbee | (seal) | X |
| Shupherunchahubbee | (seal) | X |
| Nitterhoomah | (seal) | X |
| Oaklaryubbee | (seal) | X |
| Pukumna | (seal) | X |
| Arpalar | (seal) | X |
| Holber | (seal) | X |
| Hoparmingo | (seal) | X |
| Isparhoomah | (seal) | X |
| Tieberhoomah | (seal) | X |
| Tishoholarter | (seal) | X |
| Mahayarchubbee | (seal) | X |
| Arlarter | (seal) | X |
|  |  |  |


| Nittahubbee | (seal) | X |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tishonouan | (seal) | X |
| Warsharchahoomah | (seal) | X |
| Isaac James | (seal) | X |
| Hopiaintushker | (seal) | X |
| Aryoshkermer |  | X |
| Shemotar |  | X |
| Hopiaisketina |  | X |
| Thomas Leflore |  | X |
| Arnokechatubbee |  | X |
| Shokoperlukna |  | X |
| Posherhoomah |  | X |
| Robert Folsom |  | X |
| Arharyotubbee |  | X |
| Kushonolarter |  | X |
| James Vaughan |  | X |
| James Karnes |  | X |
| Tishohakubbee |  | X |
| Narlenalar |  | X |
| Pennasha |  | X |
| Inharyarker |  | X |
| Motubbee |  | X |
| Narharyubbee |  | X |
| Ishmaryubbee |  | X |
| James M King |  |  |
| Lewis Wilson |  | X |
| Istonarkerharcho |  | X |
| Hoshinshamartarher |  | X |
| Kimmelachabbee |  | X |
| Eyarhinstubbee |  | X |
| Saml. Garland |  |  |
| Thomas Wall |  |  |
| Sam. S Worcester |  |  |
| Jacob Folsom |  |  |
| William Foster |  |  |
| Ontioerharcho |  | X |
| Hugh A Foster |  |  |
| Pierre Juzan |  |  |
| Jno. Pitchlynn jr. | (seal) |  |


| David Folsom | (seal) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sholohommastube | (seal) | X |
| Tesho | (seal) | X |
| Lauwechubee | (seal) | X |
| Hoshehammo | (seal) | X |
| Ofenowo | (seal) | X |
| Ahekoche | (seal) | X |
| Kaloshoube | (seal) | X |
| Atoko | (seal) | X |
| Ishtemeleche | (seal) | X |
| Emthtohabe | (seal) | X |
| Silas D. Fisher | (seal) |  |
| Isaac Folsom | (seal) | X |
| Hekatube | (seal) | X |
| Hakseche | (seal) | X |
| Jerry Carney | (seal) | X |
| John Washington | (seal) | X |
| Phiplip | (seal) | X |
| Meshameye | (seal) | X |
| Ishteheka | (seal) | X |
| Heshohomme | (seal) | X |
| John McKelbery | (seal) | X |
| Benjm. James | (seal) |  |
| Tikbachahambe | (seal) | X |
| Aholiktube | (seal) | X |
| Walking Wolf | (seal) | X |
| John Waide | (seal) | X |
| Big Axe | (seal) | X |
| Bob | (seal) | X |
| Tushkochaubbe | (seal) | X |
| Ittabe | (seal) | X |
| Tishowakayo | (seal) |  |
| Folehommo | (seal) | X |
| John Garland | (seal) | X |
| Koshona | (seal) | X |
| Ishleyohamube | (seal) | X |
| Oklanowa | (seal) | X |
| Neto | (seal) | X |
| James Fletcher | (seal) | X |
|  |  |  |


| Silas D Pitchlynn | (seal) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| William Trahern | (seal) |  |
| Toshkahemmitto | (seal) | X |
| Tethetayo | (seal) | X |
| Emokloshahopie | (seal) | X |
| Tishoimita | (seal) | X |
| Thomas W Foster | (seal) |  |
| Zadoc Brashears |  |  |
| Levi Perkins | (seal) | X |
| Isaac Perry | (seal) | X |
| Ishlonocka Hoomah | (seal) | X |
| Hiram King | (seal) |  |
| Ogla Enlah | (seal) | X |
| Nultlahtubbee | (seal) | X |
| Tuska Hollattuh | (seal) | X |
| Panshastubbee | (seal) | X |
| P P Pitchlynn | (seal) |  |
| Joel H Nail | (seal) |  |
| Hopia Stonakey | (seal) | X |
| Kocohoomma | (seal) | X |
| William Wade | (seal) | X |
| Pansh Stickubbee | (seal) | X |
| Holittankchahubbee | (seal) | X |
| Kothoantchahubbee | (seal) | X |
| Eyarpulubbee | (seal) | X |
| Okentahubbe | (seal) | X |
| Living War Club | (seal) | X |
| John Jones | (seal) | X |
| Charles Jones | (seal) |  |
| Isaac Jones | (seal) | X |
| Hocklucha | (seal) | X |
| Muscogee | (seal) | X |
| Eden Nelson | (seal) |  |
|  |  |  |

In Presence of
E. Breathitt Secty to the Commiss.

William Ward Agt.for Choctaws.
John Pitchlyn US Intr.
M Mackey US Intr.

Geo S Gaines of Alabama
RP Currin
Luke Howard
Sam. S. Worcester
Jno. N. Byrn
John Bell
Jno Bond
The following interlineations were made before the treaty was signed
1 st. page-in fee simple to them $\&$ thier descendants to inure to them while they shall exist as a nation \& live on it

2d page "The boundary of the same, to be agreeably to the treaty made
\& concluded at Washington City in the year 1825"
12 article two erasures made 15 article, "each"
16. In waggons, or with Steam Boats as may be found necessary-19-"each" "and"-"cultivated" Latter part of it "quarter"
20. "To each warrior who emigrates a"

1 st page words " $\&$ inconsistent with the provisions of this"
In presence of
E. Breathitt, Secty to Comr.

Various Choctaw persons have been presented by the chiefs of the Nation with a desire that they might be provided for, Being particularly deserving, an earnestness has been manifested that provision might be made for them. It is therefore by the undersigned commissioners here assented to with the understanding that they are to have no interest in the reservations which are directed and provided for under the general Treaty to which this is a supplement.

As evidence of the liberal and kind feelings of the President and Government of the United States the Commissioners agree to the request as follows (to wit) Pierre Juzan, Peter Pitchlynn, G. W. Harkins, Jack Pitchlynn, Israel Fulsom, Louis Laflore, Benjamin James, Joel H Nail, Hopoynjahubbee, Onorkubbee, Benjamin Laflore, Michael Laflore \& Allen Yates \& wife shall be entitled to a reservation of two sections of land each to include thier improvement where they at present reside, with the exception of the three first named persons \& Benja. Leflore who are authorized to locate one of thier sections on any other unimproved and unoccupied land, within thier respective Districts.

## Article 2d.

And to each of the following persons there is allowed a reservation of a section and a half of land, (to wit) James L McDonald, Robert Jones, Noah Wall, James Campbell, G. Nelson, and Vaughn Brashears, R. Harris, Little Leader, S. Foster, J. Vaughn, L. Durans, Samuel Long, T. Magagha, Thos. Everge, Giles Thompson Themas Tomas Garland, John Bond, William Laflore, and Turner Brashears; the two first named persons, may locate one section each, and one section jointly on any unimproved and unoccupied land, these not residing in the Nation. The others are to include thier present residence and improvement.

Also one section is allowed to the following persons (towit) Middleton Mackey, Wesley Train-Choclehomo Moses Foster, D. W. Wall, Charles Scott Molly Nail, Susan Colbert, who was formerly Susan James, Saml. Garland, Silas Fisher, D. McCurtain, Oaklahoma, \& Polly Fillecuthey, to be located in entire sections to include thier present residence and improvement, with the exception of Molly Nail \& Susan Colbert, who are authorized to locate thiers, on any unimproved unoccupied land.

John Pitchlynn has long and faithfully served the Nation in character of U. States interpreter, he has acted as such for forty years, in consideration it is agreed, in addition to what has been done for him there shall be granted to two of his children, (towit) Silas Pitchlynn, \& Thomas Pitchlynn one

Section of land each to adjoin the location of thier father likewise to James Madison and Peter Sons of Mushulatubbee One section of land each to include the Old House and improvement of whre thier father formerly lived on the old Military road adjoining a large Prerarie.

And to Henry Groves Son of the Chief Natticache there is one section of land given to adjoin his Fathers land.

And to each of the following persons Half a section of land is granted on any unoccupied and unimproved lands in the District where they respectively live (to wit) Willis Harkins, James D Hamilton, William Juzan, Tobias Laflore, Jo Doake, Jacob Fulsom, P. Hays, Saml. Worcester, Geo. Hunter, William Train And Robert Nail and Alexander McKee.

And there is given a quarter Section of land each to Delila and her five fatherless children, she being a Choctaw woman residing out of the Nation; also the same quantity to Peggy Trihan another Indian Woman residing out of the Nation $\&$ her two fatherles children; $\&$ to the Widows of Pushmitaha, \& Puckshenubbee, who were formerly distinguished Chiefs of the Nation and for each of thier children four sections quarter sections of land, each in trust for themselves \& thier children

All of said last mentioned reservations are to be located under And by direction of the President of the $U$ States

## Article 3d

The Choctaw people now that they have ceded thier lands are solicitous to get to thier new Homes early as possible \& accordingly they wish that a party may be permitted to proceed this fall to ascertain whereabouts will be most advantageous for thier people to be located.

It is therefore agreed that three or four persons (from each of the three districts) under the guidance of some discreet and well qualified man person or persons may proceed during this fall to the West upon an examination of the Country.

For thier time and expenses the U. States agree to allow the said Twelve persons Two Dollars a day each, not to exceed One Hundred days, which is deemed to be ample time to make an examination.

If necessary Pilots acquainted with the country will be furnished when they arrive in the West.

## Article 4th

John Donly of Alabama who has several Choctaw grand children, and who for Twenty years has carried the mail through the Choctaw Nation, a
desire by the Chiefs is expressed that he may have a section of land, it is accordingly granted, to be located in one entire Section, on any unimproved \& unoccupied land.

Allen Glover and George S Gaines licensed Traders in the Choctaw Nation, have accounts amounting to upwards of Nine thousand Dollars against the Indians who are unable to pay thier said debts without distressing thier families; a desire is expressed by the Chiefs that Two sections of land be set apart to be sold and the proceeds thereof to be applied toward the payment of the aforesaid debts. It is agreed that two sections of any unimproved and unoccupied land be granted to George S Gaines who will sell the same for the best price he can obtain and apply the proceeds thereof to the credit of the Indians on thier accounts due to the before mentioned Glover and Gaines; \& shall make the application to the poorest Indian first

At the earnest and particular request of the Chief Greenwood Laflore there is granted to David Haley one half section of land to be located in a half section on any unoccupied and unimproved land as a compensation for a journey to Washington City with dispatches to the Government and returning others to the Choctaw Nation

The foregoing is entered into, as supplemental to the treaty concluded yesterday.

Done at Dancing Rabbit Creek the 28th day of September 1830

| Jno H Eaton (seal) <br> Jno. Coffee (seal) <br> Greenwood Leflore  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nittucachee | his X mark |
| Musholatubbee | his X mark |
| Ofahoomah | his X mark |
| Eyarhoeuttubbee | his X mark |
| Iyaeherhopia | his X mark |
| Holubbee | his X mark |
| Onarhubbee | his X mark |
| Robert Cole | his X mark |
| Hopiaunchahubbee | his X mark |
| David Folsom |  |
| John Garland | his X mark |
| Hopiahoomah | his X mark |
| Captainthalko | his X mark |
| Pierre Juzan |  |

Immarstarher his X mark

In presence of
E. Breathitt Secty to Comr.
W. Ward Agt. for Choctaws
M. Mackey US Intr.

John Pitchlynn U.S Intr.
RP Currin
Jno N Byrn
Geo: S. Gaines
The following words in this supplement were interlined before being signed 1st Article " $\&$ Allen Yates $\&$ wife" also "Benja Laflore 2 Do. Wesley Train-Choclehomo
3d. "person or persons"
In presence of
E. Breathitt Secty to Comr.

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